# Autonomous Recording Unit (ARU) Pilot Project Summary June 2022

## **General Project Details**

WHO: The Eeyou Marine Region Wildlife Board, Cree Trappers Association (EMR), and Canadian Wildlife Service.

WHAT: Deployed 10 Autonomous Recording Units (ARU's) which are used to record bird song.

WHEN: Summer 2021.

WHERE: Along the Wemindji coastline.

WHY: To survey bird species, identify areas of important bird habitat, and locate species at risk. This information will contribute to understanding change along the coast and provide information for designating protected areas and guiding future projects.

HOW: By skidoo and boat with local technicians Henry Stewart and Ernie Hughboy.







Environment Canada

Canadian Wildlife Service **Environnement** Canada

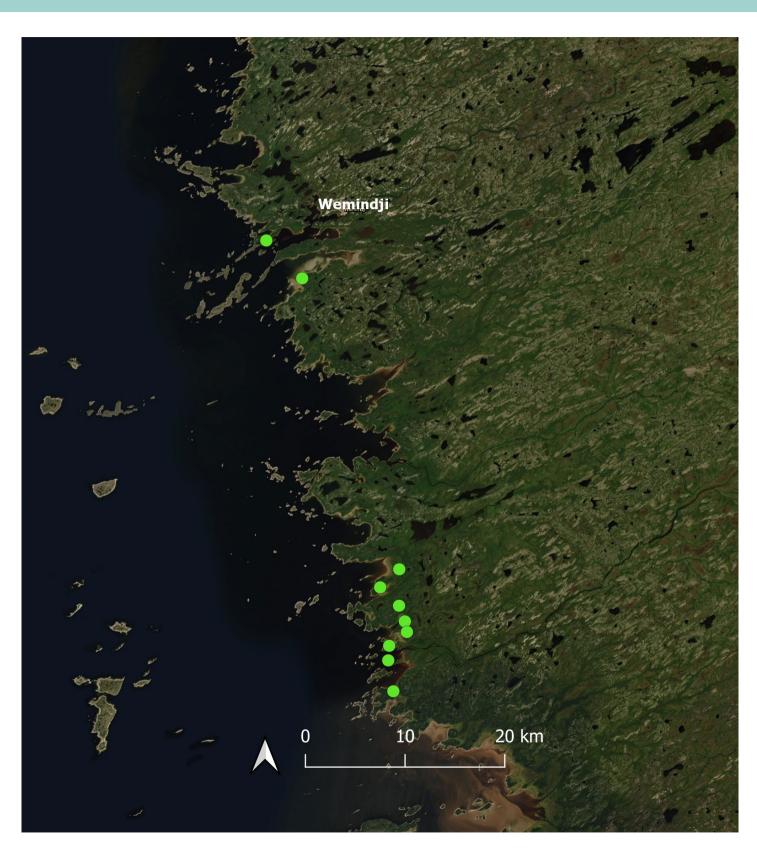
Service canadien de la faune







# **2021 ARU Locations**





Environment Canada

Canadian Wildlife Service

Environnement Canada

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## **Preliminary Results**

### **Summary**

- 10 ARU's were deployed from May-September 2021.
- The units were programmed to record at sunrise and sunset during different intervals.
- Overall, 153 recordings were randomly selected for analysis by CWS-Quebec birders.
- A total of 83 different bird species were recorded.

\*\*\*Click on the species name to hear what it sounds like\*\*\*

#### **Most Common Birds**



White-throated Sparrow



Wilson's Snipe



Swamp Sparrow







Savannah Sparrow





Ruby-crowned Kinglet



Yellow-rumped Warbler









## **Preliminary Results**

## **Species at Risk**



Yellow Rail



Common Nighthawk



**Rusty Blackbird** 



Olive-sided Flycatcher



#### **Non-resident Birds**



Barnacle Goose





Non-resident species include species in migration, unpaired species that nest further south, or individuals nesting on islands off the coast.









## **Preliminary Results**

### Full list of species:

#### Listed from most common to least common.

- White-throated Sparrow 1.
- 2. Wilson's Snipe
- Swamp Sparrow 3.
- Canada Goose 4.
- Swainson's Thrush 5.
- 6. Savannah Sparrow
- 7. **American Robin**
- 8. **Ruby-crowned Kinglet**
- Yellow-rumped Warbler
- 10. Alder Flycatcher
- 11. Lincoln's Sparrow
- 12. American Bittern
- 13. Yellow Warbler
- 14. Dark-eyed Junco
- 15. Nelson's Sparrow
- 16. Herring Gull
- 17. American Crow
- 18. Sora
- 19. Red-winged Blackbird
- 20. Sandhill Crane
- 21. Winter Wren
- 22. Fox Sparrow
- 23. Greater Yellowlegs
- 24. Common Loon
- 25. Ring-billed Gull
- 26. Yellow Rail
- 27. Boreal Owl
- 28. Canada Jay
- 29. Golden-crowned Kinglet
- 30. Green-winged Teal

- 31. American Black Duck
- 32. Black Scoter
- 33. White-winged Crossbill
- 34. Hermit Thrush
- 34. Mallard
- 35. Common Raven
- 36. Tennessee Warbler
- 37. Spotted Sandpiper
- 38. Great Horned Owl
- 39. Boreal Chickadee
- 40. Great Black-backed Gull
- 41. Common Nighthawk
- 42. Rusty Blackbird
- 43. American Wigeon
- 44. Clay-colored Sparrow
- 45. Le Conte's Sparrow
- 46. Common Yellowthroat
- 47. Nashville Warbler
- 48. Northern Pintail
- 49. Gadwall
- 50. Olive-sided Flycatcher
- 51. Barnacle Goose
- 52. Black-and-white Warbler
- 53. Common Redpoll
- 54. Great Blue Heron
- 55. Killdeer
- 56. Tundra Swan
- 57. Snow Goose
- 58. Wilson's Warbler
- 59. Cedar Waxwing
- 60. Solitary Sandpiper
- 61. Virginia Rail
- 62. Chipping Sparrow

- 63. Palm Warbler
- 64. American Redstart
- 65. American Tree Sparrow
- 67. Belted Kingfisher
- 68. Black-backed Woodpecker
- 69. Black-bellied Plover
- 70. Black-capped Chickadee
- 71. Yellow-bellied Flycatcher
- 72. Blue-headed Vireo
- 73. Common Eider
- 74. Common Tern
- 75. Gray Catbird
- 76. Great Gray Owl
- 77. Long-eared Owl
- 78. Magnolia Warbler
- 79. Northern Waterthrush
- 80. Red-throated Loon
- 81. Rough-legged Hawk
- 82. Northern Saw-Whet-Owl
- 83. Lesser Yellowlegs







